Springfield into an Indorsement of

His Favorite-A Grant Delega-

tion Selected in Spite of

Fierce Opposition.

O'Clock This Morning, when New

Tactics will Doubtless be De-

veloped by the Blaine

Faction.

of the responses.

On reaseembling, the chairman announced that the committee would not be able to report before nine o'clock. The convention then arose and took a recess until two

The convention met at two and waited un

til after three o'clock, without any business whatever being attempted. Senator Logan objected to the resolution as being premature, and Senator Fuller with-drew it. Senator Logan then offered the fol-

lowings

lowing:

Resolved. That the debate be limited to thirty minutes on a side, on the question of the Cook county contest, and that no motion to adjourn, or other distory motion shall be considered until that question is decided, and that each delegation may select one person from their delegation, if they so choose, to present their case to the convention.

The roll of counties was called on the adoption of the resolution, with but little debate, resulting: ayes, 388; nays, 212.

At forty five minutes past three the committee on credentials appeared and submitted three reports, which were read.

The first report recites that there are duplicate

and fourth senatorial districts, being thirty-six in all, and the remaining fifty-six are divided between Blaine and Washburne. The first report is signed by J. H. Moore, and was

MEMPHIS, TENN., FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1880.

VOL. XXXIX-NUMBER 119

WEATER INDICATIONS TO-DAY, OUT IN THE SPORTING WORLD For Tennessee and the Ohio valley southerly winds, ceering to cooler northerly stationary or rising barometer, clouds

socather, and numerous rains. GRANT won at Springfield, Illinois, yestercan by a bare majority.

DR. TALMAGE suggests that soap and water are means of grace. Correct. THE Louisiana Republicans hold their

State convention on Monday next, the twentyfourth instant. THE Democrats of Missouri and Virginia hold their State conventions on Wednesday

next, the twenty-sixth instant. CASEY Young is earnestly supporting Senntor Harris's National board of health bill, and is doing all he can to advance it to a

Women admire strength without seeking to imitate it; men gentleness without bestow-ing it in return. Patience is strength; impatience is weakness.

PRESIDENT HAVES visited the institute at Hampton Roads yesterday, and addressed the pupits in a congratulatory sperch. Secretary Schurz followed him in the same vein.

THE Charleston News and Courier states that there is no sign whatever, so far, of any fierce desire on the part of the Democracy to have General Gary as the next governor of South Carolina.

THE German proverb of the key! "If I rest I rust"- is applicable to the labor of the hand and the mind and to the misuse or abuse of the gifts of God to us. Iadolence is impotence, rest is rost.

HAYES does not believe in a third term whether he likes Grant or not. He said last Friday: "I think there should be an amendment to the coastitution providing for a term of six years with a prohibition against a sec-

GENERAL JOHNSON HAGOOD is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor of South Carolina, and the election of delegrates so far indicate that he will be sominated, although General M. W. Gary is push ing his claims for the honor.

conduct. There is an intrinsic excellence in truth, by whomsoever uttered, that commends it to the hearer, but the best evidence of truth is its fruit in conduct. Actions speak louder than words, and are much more apt to be believed.

VICESBURG has passed an ordina ar to that passed by the Taxing District govegulations and the steamboat inspecti nstituted by tee National board of health. We give the full text of it in the river report of to-day's APPEAL.

THE Democrats of Lauderdale county, dississippi, at a recent mass-meeting, pre eated the name of Captain Thomas H. allege, by Hon. O. R. Singleton for last twenty-five or thirty years. They demand Wood's nomination on the principle of rotation, which, just now, is having a

ardly be an average one. In Williamson darsball reports the worm and rust, and a

g from the worm, and the crop will e standard of other years. In Houston the rop is reported in a sorry condition, and a one-fearth crop is predicted. In Patnam the ust prevails and not more than a one third average condition of the crop in Middle Tennessee the outlook is anything but promis-Тин Mississippi Valley cotton planters' asecciation, at its session on Tuesday last,

a series of resolutions that are south, especially in view of the fact that their legislatures may be called to pass them. They indorsed the Missispi river commission and its ofject, and arnestly requested our representatives in conand looking on the establishment of bureaus in the several States as eminently proper, and as the best means by which their resources can be made known and a systematic plan adopted, recommending that a committee of ten, two from each State represented, be appointed by the chair, said committee to co operate with bureaus of the respective States, and assist in the collection of such data calculated to induce immigration, and earnestly recommending liberal appropriations be made for general purposes; also obtained. Here is a practical work, which, if it receives the attention and indorsement posed, will do more for the routh than all

The Chicksaw Guards will be received this evening at the Louisville railroad depot by the Buff City Grays and the Light Guards, and the Light Guards, and so depot to the control of the silver for delviery at the Philadelphia and San Francisco mints. no doubt our citizens will be out in full force to greet the conquering heroes of so many contests as they deserve. Memphis is proud of the "Chicks." They are invincible. Their record is one that has never been paralleled in the military history of the country. They are first among the infantry companies of the United States. Before the war Ellsworth's Congressional Proceedings.

In the state of the Union. Consideration of the bill pending when the committee was last in a session was postponed. The first bill consideration of the bill pending when the committee on counting the electoral vote, reported with amendments the bill introduced by him to enforce the observance of the constitution of the United States to any person of President and Vice-President of the United States to any person of President and Vice-President of the United States. Placed on the calendar.

Senator Morgan, from the select committee on counting the electoral vote, reported with amendments the bill introduced by him to enforce the observance of the constitution of the United States to any person of President and Vice-President of the United States to any person complying with the provisions of the home-standard with unfavorable report. Agreed to.

Senator Morgan, from the select committee on counting the electoral vote, reported with amendments the bill introduced by him to enforce the observance of the constitution of the United States to any person complying with the provisions of the home-standard with unfavorable report. Agreed to.

Senator Morgan, from the select committee on committee on the United States. Placed on the calendar.

Senator Morgan, from the select committee on the bill pending when the committee on complying was that known as the Wright bill, which provides for a loan of five hundred dollars by the United States to any person complying with the provisions of the home-state of the United States. Mr. Wright spoke in support of his bill.

Mr. Converse moved the bill be laid aside, with unfavorable report. Agreed to.

After further unime committee on the committee on the calendar.

After further unime committee on the bill pending when the committee on committee on the calendar.

Senator Morgan, from the selectoral vote, reported with a mending when the committee on the bill pending when the committee on the bill pending when the committee on the bill pending when the soldier, and for frigid discipline that can be compared with that of the Chickasaw Guards. In all of the great competitions where they wow imperishable taurels, they drilled under the critical eye of regular army officers and to dispose of the cases reported long ago.

The bill to constitute Portsmouth a port of entry. He asked its present consideration. Senator Edmunds—I am going to object to everything now in order to get the calendar. The bill was placed on the calendar. Senator Morgan, from the same committhe critical eye of regular army officers and the critical eye of regular army officers and in every instance took something more than the prize at stake. It was always accompanied by an indorsement that the high soldierly attainments thus rewarded were of the practical kind, as practical as that of the regular army itself. This is the highest praise. ular army itself. This is the highest praise.

Much of it belongs to Captain Carnes. His
unbonding will, pride in his men, determinacommissioned officers of the army was then unbending will, pride in his men, determina- taken up. tion to stand first and his devotion to duty, have largely contributed to a result that his fellow-citizens regard with pride.

This will, we trust, be made apparent to him and to his company to-day by a recention and to his company to-day by a reception that shall mark our sense of his deserving and the sympathy with which we regard the Senator Dawes's amendment to Senator Alison a amendment to Senator Dawes's amendment of two colored cadets. successive conquests that swell our pride in the Chickasaw Guards.

Yesterday was Not So Bull-The Races at Louisville and Washington, Though Not Especially Brilliant, Passably Interesting-Maud 8, and Santa Claus,

A Proposition from Captain Gee. N. Stone Looking to a Match—The Manchester Cup-Boating Talk at Washington-The Antipodean Oarsmen-Base-Ball,

LONDON, May 20.—Isonomy won the Man-chester cup, with Abbott second and Horizon third.

The Ihird Day at Louisville. LOUISVILLE, May 20 .- Third day of the

races.

First Race.—Kentucky Oaks, for threeyear-old fillies; one and a half miles. Malone's filly won; By-and-By second, Ursilla
third. Time—2:41%.

Second Race.—Dash of one and a quarter
miles. Warfield won; Typhoon second, Bell
Boy third. Time—2:10%.

Third Race.—Mile dash. Good-Night
won; Florence B, second, Jack Hardy third.
Time—1:43%.

Fourth Race.—One and a quarter miles,
over five hurdles. Frank Short won; Turin
second, Miss Mosely third.

Yesterday's Races at Washington. WASHINGTON, May 20 .- The race for the compensation purse, one mile and a quarter, was won by Scottila; New York Weekly sec-

was won by Scottila; New York Weekly second, Virginian third, Virginius fourth. Time—2:11.

The two mile dash was won by Checkmate; Glencoe second, Ben Hill third, and Weiter a furlor g behind. Time—3:3614.

The consolation purse, mile heats, was won by Vagrant; Eugenie second. The rest were ruled out. Time—1:44%, 1:44%, 1:45.

The steeple-chase was won by Disturbance; Derby second, Dispute third. No time taken. Notes of the Big Trot.

NEW YORK, May 20.—The Spirit of the Times this week will publish a letter from Captain George N. Stone, of Cincinnati, makingli he following propositions for the race bet tern Mand S. and Santa Claus: First—He will match Mand 5. against Santa Claus in a series of five races, mile heats, three in five, to barness; not more than two of said races to be trott-d in any one State, and to be trotted in the States of Illinois, Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York.

Tota.

He will make the match a single race for five thousand dollars eside over a good mile track in any one of he States named in the first proposition.

Third-He will make a single race on the terms mentioned in the second proposition, with the exception that the race be trotted for the gate recipits, the gross amount to be paid over to E. A. Buck, who shall within thirty days thereafter donate the cultre amount to ome charitable institution to be named by the winner of the race.

The Societi same acid:

The Spirit says editorially: "The parties are now separated on only two points, whether ine races shall be for five thousand dollars or twenty-five hundred dollars a side, or on different tracks. We have reason, outside of natural inferences, to believe that the owner of Santa Claus will accede to the present proposition of Captain Stone."

Boating Talk in Washington WASHINGTON, May 20.—Referee — day handed Hanlan a draft for six thousand the state of the six thousand the state of the six thousand the six the six thousand the six the six thousand the six thousand the six thousand the six the six thousand the six the six thousand the six thousand the six tho day handed Hanlan a drait for six thousand dollars, the amount of the purse he won yesterday on the Potomac.

Reilly and Hanlan expect to meet next week. Two thousand dollars will be guaranteed the winner.

Courtney and party left for home at halfpast six o'clock this morning.

Articles of agreement for the race on the tweaty sixth instant between Hanlan and Reily have been signed.

An offer of three thousand dollars was made Courtney yesterday to stay out of the race, that Reily might row.

The Nashville American, in its issue of terday, publishes more crop reports, from ich we learn that wheat in Lincoln is snf-

CINCINNATI, May 20.—The score of the walking match at the end of the fifth day is as follows: Hughes, 347 miles; Clow, 311; Vint, 307; Chamberlin, 306; Sullivan, 297; Harriman, 294; O'Brien, 285; M'Gill, 225.

Base-Ball Sceres. PROVIDENCE, May 20 .- Bostons, 0; Provi-CHICAGO, May 20 .- Chicagos, 3; Cleve TROY, N. Y., May 20.-Troys, 5; Worces-

SENATOR GARLAND,

Of Arkansas, on the Kellogg-Spoffere Commissioned Officers.

An Important Land Bill - Providing Affairs in Washington.

Washington, May 20.—The ways and of the work so soon as the means commit es have instructed Representative Wood to report favorably to the house the bill to abolish the Freedman's bank comtest need of the south and the nation, into the United States treasury.

clerks in the patent office. The item for the secate contingent fund was increased \$20, 000. The total increase over the aggregate amount of the bill as it came from the sail be to examine and report at the December meeting, on the 1-bor question, suggestive such legislation as may be deemed necessary and proper, and also the means by which such legislation can be most speedily busined. Here is a practical work, which,

left here last night for Hampton, Virginia, to attend the normal school commencement. ANOTHER PURCHASE OF SILVER.

The state of the s

that "when enlisted as such, fifteen consecu-tive years in the army honorably and faith-fully served, and the last five years thereof as a non-commissioned officer, he shall be eligible for appointment as a second lieuten-ant in the army corps of the line in which he has served." He said he wished to hold out to the private the prospect of an honorable advancement. The amendment was adopted, and the bill was read the third time and passed.

and the bill was read the taird time and passed.

Senator Ransom, from the committee on commerce, reported adversely on the bill to aid in increasing commercial relations with the Argentine republic, and it was interested in the Argentine arcse whether the morning hour not ends at half-past twelve or half-past one o'clock, the latter being the time fixed by the Anthony rule.

The president pro test decided that the Anthony rule must be observed. To accommodate Senator Gariand, however, the calendar was laid aside to allow him to speak upon the Kellogg resolution. upon the Kellogg resolution.

Referring to Senator Blaine's asset

Referring to Senator Biaine's assertion that there was an agreement by which Kellogg was to be seated on the understanding that Butler was to be allowed to take his seat, Senator Garland read the record of the proceedings. At the time referred to Senator Garland had inquired, "What is to be done with the other case?" Senator Blaine evidently supposed that Butler's case was referred to, but Senator Garland explained that he meant the Eustis case. The agreement on that night was merely made to end the contest, which had seemed to be interminable, by coming to a vote. There was no bargain so far as he [Garland] knew; it was an ending of debate and coming to a vote.

Pending Senator Garland's remarks, Senator Davis [W. Va.], from the committee on appropriations, reported the legislative, exappropriations, reported the legislative, ex-ecutive and judicial appropriation bill. Placed on calendar. Senator Davis will call

it up to morrow.

The agricultural appropriation bill was received from the house and referred to the committee on appropriations.

Senator Garland then spoke at some length in favor of the resolutions. He then requested Senator Vance to read the summary of evidence as to bribery, contained in the latter's speech the latter's speech.

Senator Vance did so.
Senator Kellogg interrupted, to point out certain discrepancies in the testimony and to say that the witnesses to the bribery were shown to be unreliable. After some further remarks, Sepator Gar land gave notice that he would at the proper time offer the following as substitutes for the Resolved, That William Pitt Kellogg was not duly and legally elected to a seat in the United States senate by the legislature of Louisians, and that the seat now occupied by him in the senate be and the same is hereby declared vacant.

Senator Kellogg, by unanimous consent, obtained the floor for a few moments and urged the senators to read the whole of the printed testimony, and when any evidence damaging to him was cited, to turn to the

damaging to him was cited, to turn to the rebutting testimony.

Senator Bayard moved to lay aside the Kellogy resolutions and take up his bill regulating the pay and appointment of deputy-marshals.

Senator Cukling objected.

Senator Edmunds also objected. He said this question was one of the nighest privilege and should not be displaced by a measure not privileged and of a later origin, and which would lead to a political debate.

Senator Bayard believed he was consulting public interests in asking consideration of a bill materially affecting a law and reported by a committee of this body,

Senator Anthony moved to go into extra yeas, 26; nays, 24. Senator Conkling called for the yeas and

torce of the District, prior to January, 1885, to be made from persons who served in the United States army or navy during the war, and were honorably discharged. Adopted—yeas, 95; nays, 79.

The remaining

to in bulk, and the bill passed.

The bill to carry into effect the second and sixteenth articles of the treaty between the United States and the Great and Little Osage Indians passed—yeas, 120; nays, 60.

The bouse decided to consider the report

The next bill was that to transfer to the States the title to all lands—beds of lakes (not navigable), bayous, sloughs, etc.—which, at the time the public lands were surveyed by

disposed of by the legislatures thereof, pro-vided the States shall have the right to retain any or all of such property; and provided, further, that nothing herein shall be so con-strued as to interfere with the rights of parian owners at common law. Pending discussion the committee rose. Mr. Killinger asked leave to call up for present consideration the senate bill appro-priating twenty-five thousand dollars for the

erection of a postoffice at Milton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Bragg objected, and the house then took a recess, the evening session to be for the further consideration of reports from the EVENING SESSION.

The house went into committee of the whole, with Mr. Robinson in the chair, on the state of the Union. Consideration of the bill pending when the committee was last in session was postponed. The first bill considered was that known as the Wright bill, which provides for a loan of five hundred dollars by the United States to any person complying with the provisions of the home-

"OLD HICKORY,"

First Among the Soldiers and Statesmer of Tennessee, Commemorated Yesterday at Nashville Amid the Grateful Plaudits of the People of the State.

The Old Soldiers who Fought at New Orleans in 1812 and the Great Generals and Veterans of Later Wars -The Competitive Drill-The Chickasaw Guards.

NASHVILLE, May [20.—It is estimate NASHVILLE, May [20.—It is estimated that not less than forty or fifty thousand visitors were in Nashville to-day. The streets and sidewalks were everywhere thronged with restless, moving humanity. Broad street, just before the procession started, was literally crowded with people. Every street through which the column moved was so densely packed that one could scarcely move out of his tracks. THE PROCESSION.

Precisely at half-past nine o'clock in the morning, the hour set in the published programme, the procession moved toward the Capitol grounds, where the ceremony of unvailing the Jackson monument was to take place, in the following order: Detachment of Mounted Police.

DeCouresy, Colonel Jeremiah G. Harris, General Win. B. Bate, Colonel Willougnby Williams, Senator Joseph E. Brown.

General Wheless and Staff.
Helicon Band.
Company K. National Guard, Miss' uri.
Detachments of the Crescent City Battalion.
Chickasaw Guards.
Howard Reserves.
Sumner Guards.
Portar Rifles.
Rock City Gaards, Company D.
Cavalry and artillery.

The following was the line of march:

The following was the line of march:

Senator Authory moved to go into extra ession. Rejected—yeas, 17; nays, 26.
Senator Bayard's motion was agreed to;
on the grounds they took position around the Jackson statue and formed a tableau that was really enchanting.

On the stand. The following persons were on the stand: Seneral G. P. Thurston, chairman of the

Senator Conkling called for the yeas and nays, saying it might be a very important vote. He wished to state his understanding of the motion, namely, that it postponed further consideration of the Kellogg resolutions, unless they should be taken up by a majority vote.

Senator Saulsbury, as chairman of the committee reporting the Kellogg resolutions, said he should vote against his colleague's motion if he did not suppose that he [Bayard] would vote with him [Saulsbury] en the motion to call the resolutions up again.

Senator Bayard's motion was agreed toges, 25; nays, 16; a party vote, the Republicans voting ne.

The bill was taken up.

The pending question was on Senator Conkling's amendment to insert the words "appointed only," so that the bill would refer to depaties appointed only to serve in connection with elections.

No quorum voted.

A call of the senate showed a quorum to be present, but the yeas and nays showed no quorum on account of the number of pairs.

Adjourned.

In the House.

The consideration was resumed of the bill to regulate the municipal code of the District of Columbia. A separate vote was demanded on the amendment requiring seventy five per cent. of the appointments to the police force of the District, prior to January, 1885,

Dr. Atchison then delivered the intro-ductory speech. Bishoo M'Tyeire offered prayer, and Hon. John F. House made one of the prettiest speeches of his life, and was fr-quently app'anded. Mr. Clark Mills then LADIES AND GENTLEMEN-Having been requ

Indians passed—yeas, 120; nays, 60.

The bouse decided to consider the reports of the committee on public lands, and went into committee of the whole, Mr. Sparks in the chair, on the state of the Union. The first bill on the calendar was that relating to public lands.

It provides that when any lands of the United States shall have been entered, and the government paid in full therefor, no suit or proceedings, civil or criminal, by or in the name of the United States, shall thereafter be had or maintained for any trespons on account of any material taken from the lands, or on account of any material taken from the lands, or on account of any alleged consporacy relative thereto prior to the apsproval of this act. Provided that defendants in such suits shall exhibit to the proper court or officer, evidence of such entry and payment, and shall pay all accrue differ its. It further provides that the price of lands now subject to entry, which was raised to two collars and fifty cents per acre, more than twenty years shall be reduced to one dollar and a quarter.

After some & bate the bill was laid aside for favorable report to the house.

The next bill on the calendar was that the price of the city of Council Bluffs, Iowa, for public use, a certain lake or bayou situated near said city. This and the following, authorizing the such present and the following, authorizing the such presents and the following, authorizing the such presents and the following of the present of the passes of the lands in Crawford county, Wisconsin, were also laid aside for favorable report to the bands in Crawford county, Wisconsin, were also laid aside for favorable report to the bands in Crawford county, Wisconsin, were also laid aside for favorable report to the bouse.

The next bill was that to transfer to the three states of the concept the present of the concept of the present of the present of the present of the present of the pre

the following soldiers who fought in the battle of New Orleans were also on the stand: Captain Wm. Lovelady, aged eighty years, resident of Morgan county; Corporal Henry Holt, sr., aged eighty-three years, lives on Eden creek, Davidson county; Enoch H. Jonas, aged eighty-two years, lives in Ruthard county. therford county; James Baxter, aged eightyone years, lives in Gibson county; Thomas
Reed, aged ninety-two years, lives in Jackson county, Alabama. All of these served in
Carroll's brigade, except Mr. Jones was in
every battle fought during the campaign
of 1814-1815; he was under Captain Dick
Tate, of Nashville. Wednesday he received
by express, from John Golden, a cane cut
from the battlefield of New Orleans especially
for him; he had it cut for presentation to the
historical society. historical society.

General Joseph E. Johnston was loudly called for, and, on presenting himself, was vociferously applauded. General D. C. Buell, who fought on the other side, was also called out, and was loudly cheered. Ex Governor Hendricks was also warmly received.

CONCLUSION OF THE CEREMONIES. An ode to Jackson was then sung by the Harmonic society, accompanied by the Columbia Helicon band. While it was being sung Governor Marks, accompanied by Enoch H. Johnes, went to the statue, and at knoch H. Johnes, went to the statue, and at the signal Mr. Jones pulled the rope and a magnificent statue came into full view, amidst the discharge of canons and a tre-mendous outburst of applause. The cheer-ing was renewed at every boom of the can-non, and thus the ceremonies ended.

to-morrow morning. Thirteen thousand peo-ple attended the exposition to-day. To-night General Tracy gave a magnificer display of fireworks to four thousand peoplinside an inclosure, and about the sam number outside.

The infant grill for the prizes last Wednesday is thus described by the Nashville American, of yesterday (Thursday) mern-

ROCE CITY GUARDS, OF NASHVILLE.

The Rock City Guards, Company D, had been chosen by lot to come first, and as they marched to the grounds in frent of the amphitheater, in columns of fours, they were loudly applauded. The company then marched to the judges' stand and balted, when their captain reported them for duty to the judges. The first of the programme coasisted of the exercise in the manual of arms. These were admirably executed, and when done with particular precision, elicited frequent cheers and clapping of hands. After some drilling in the manual of arms, with and without numbers, concluding with the loading and firing, the company were carried through a series of difficult field evolutions. The company's evolutions were an exceedingly trying test and called for the utmost vigilance and endurance on the part of the contestants. There was a remarkable smoothness about the drill of the Rock City Guards, still a close observer would have noticed a few erfors of want of promptness occasionally with some one man. Upon the whole, their drill pleased their many friends, and seemed, as many of them expressed it, "hard to beat." The company finished the programme with three minutes to spare of the hour allotted to each company. They were a little put out at the first of their hour by the mosic of the band, which ROCK CITY QUARDS, OF NASHVILLE.

THE DRILL.

pany. They were a little put out at the first of their hour by the music of the band, which played a lively air, throwing some of the men out of step, thus not creating as favorable an impression for the company as it would have nad otherwise. The boys soon recovered themselves, however, and did some fine work. PORTER RIFLES, OF NASHVILLE.

The Porter R. fles marched in next. They came down to the grounds with fine steadiness of step and drew forth the applause of their admiring friends. The company marched to the stard, reported to the judges, where, after an inspection of arms and accountements, they executed the manual of arms with and without numbers. As this was the second company to enter, comparison was the second company to enter, comparison began to be made, and it was remarked tha began to be made, and it was remarked that there was a slight advantage for the first company, the Rock City Guards, over the Porter Rifles in the manual of arms, particularly in the firing and loading. The Porters, however, perhaps in re than redeemed themselves in the field movements, as seemed to be the general impression. They were frequently and loudly applauded in their execution of this part of the programme. They finished the programme with but few errors, with one minute to spare, and retired. The impression at the close in the amphitheater, as far as could be ascertained, seemed to be in favor of the Porter Rifles. This may have been because every movement of the Porters could be seen, while the Rock City Guards were partly obscured from the spectators by the judges' stand, which intervened.

bation of their friends among the spectators.

The manual of arms of this company showed a wonderful degree of perfection, and, indeed, for the first three quarters of their hour the Chicke laws seemed absolutely invincible. Toward the last, however, in some of the arduous double-time field movements, coming info close quarters with the fence, several slight every made which movements.

fectly at home in the field, and made but few errors anywhere. If errors were made by this company they were not so palpable as to be noticed by the spectators. Military lookers-on, however, seemed to incline to the opinion that the remarkable drilling of the Chickasaws, in the greater part of their hour, connterbalanced any errors subsequently, and doubtless placed them first among the competitors.

The Drilling

by the four companies was so uniformly excellent, and the errors made were so few and slight that it is extremely difficult in this account to anticipate correctly the decision of the judges. Yet the assertion can be safely hazarded that no four military companies in the world ever drilled in a competitive contest as well as did the four companies in the lists of yesterday's event. The captains of each company were admirations and that they were sometimes on the avenue in a promenade, and on one occasion, when in the city-hall park, the "shadow" was so near them as to hear her relate how an old friend of hers had threatened, if she only said the word, to shoot Mr. Christiancy. It appears that some of Mr. Christiancy is to watch Mrs. Christiancy and procure evidence on which he could file a bill for a divorce, had an idea that the character of a prominent Democratic official could be compromised, and his name was mentioned in connection with hers, and the statement was made by a party that both had been seen in a disreputable neighborhood together. This, however, would not work, for when the evidence was looked up it was found that Mrs. Christiancy ore tary companies in the world ever drilled in a competitive contest as well as did the four companies in the lists of yesterday's event. The captains of each company were admirably cool, and handled their men with fine indument. The captains of our home com-

on the opposite side of the street from the house of a well-known courtesan, whose and of K company.

The Nashville Banner, of Wednesday afternon, centains the following brief sketches of the competing companies:

CHICKASAW GUARDS OF MEMPHIS.

The Chickasaw Guards organized in Memphis in June, 1874, with R. P. Duncan as captain. He was afterward su coesded by General George W. Gordon, who, in turn, gave place to Captain S. T. Carnes, who now commands the company. On the twenty first of Aoril, 1876, they drilled against the Porter R. fles at Ash barracks, Nashville, and were defeated. On October 27, 1876, they defeated the Porter R. fles at Memphis. In October, 1878, they won the second prize at St. Louis. Oa the fourth of July, 1879, they were victorious in a contest with the Bluff City Grays, at Memphis. In October, 1878, they won the second prize at St. Louis. Oa the fourth of July, 1879, they were victorious in a contest with the Bluff City Grays at Chattanners at St. Louis. Oa the fourth of July, 1879, they were victorious in a contest with the Bluff City Grays at Chattanners at St. Louis Cother 27 the contest with the Bluff City Grays at Chattanners at St. Louis Cother 1878, they won the Scother 287 these more and Potomax depote by the fact could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the charce could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the charce could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the charce could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the fact could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the charce could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the charce could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the charce could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the charce could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the charce could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the charce could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the charce could not be used for other purposes than to blacken the charce could not be u gave place to Captain S. T. Carnes, who now commands the company. On the twenty-first of Aoril, 1876, they drilled against the Purter R fles at Ash barracks, Nashville, and were defeated. On October 27, 1876, they defeated the Porter R fles at Memphis. In June 1877, they met the Porter R fles at Huntsville, Alabama, but did not drill. On May 24, 1877, they defeated the Bluff City Grays, at Memphis. In October, 1878, they won the second prize at St. Louis. On the fourth of July, 1879, they were victorious in a contest with the Bluff City Grays at Chattanooga. At St. Louis, October, 1879, they won the first prize. On October 9, 1879, they won the first prize in Columbus, Ohio.

they won the first prize in Columbus, Ohio.

COMPANY K. OF ST. LOUIS.

Company K, organized in St. Louis July, 1877, as a member of the First regiment, St. Louis Police Reserves, and in July, 1879, was transferred to the First regiment of the National Guards of Missouri. In Atlanta, Georgia, in October, 1878, they won the first prize, amounting to four hundred and fifty dollars. They won the first prize several times in contests with local companies. In St. Louis, in October, 1878, they won the second prize. In December, 1879, they won a flag at St. George's hall, St. Louis.

PORTER RIFLES, OF NASHVILLE.

Mr. Christiancy, caused some satisfaction; but it appears that this action on her part was rather the result of a banter than of any particular love. A gentleman, an old friend of the Lugenbeel family, had been on a visit to this city for a few days, and on the occasion of his departure Mrs. Christiancy, with her father and mother, accompanied this friend to the depot to see him off, and just before boarding the train he bid the father good-by, and Mrs. Lugenbeel gave him a motherly kiss. Mrs. Christiancy was standing by, and the gentleman observing, "Now your mother has kissed me, why not you?" Mrs. Christiancy replied hurriedly, "I will," and received a kiss which was expected to PORTER RIFLES, OF NASHVILLE.

The Porter Rifles organized May 11, 1875,

The Porter Kittes organized May 11, 1875, on which day they were presented with a flag by Governor James D. Porter. The company won a United States flag at the fair at Murfreesboro, Tennessee, in September, 1875, defeating the Spence Guards. They defeated the Chickssaw Guards at Ash Barracks, April 21, 1876, the prize being a handsome silver goblet. They drilled at Memphis, October 27, 1876, and were defeated by seven-tenths of a point. They met the same company at

egrams received threw no clear light upon LOGAN; ACTING FOR GRANT,

egrams received threw no clear light upon the subject. It seemed to be in doubt-whether the first prize was won by the "Chicks," Company K of St. Louis or Porter R fles of Nashville. Those who bet two to one on the "Chicks" Wednesday were alarmed yesterday, and many hedged so as to fall as softly as possible. One bet was made of fifteen dollars to five that the "Unicas" made no company error. The bet caused a sensation among the backers of the "Chicks."

A dispatch received from the captain of company K, of St. Louis, stated that the issue was in doubt, and would not be solved until the judges announced the awards in the afternoon. Later all doubts were set at rest by a private dispatch, which stated that the "Chicks" were first fand company K, of St. Louis, second. This settled the matter, and Memphis rejoiced over the military victory. The following dispatches were received here last night:

S. A. Pepper:
Seere twenty-one and a half in our favor. All well.
BRANCH.

Series twenty-one and a half in our favor. All well.

Nashville, Trink, May 20, 1880.

Harry Allen:

We leave here to morrow morning, and will reach Memphis on the evening train. W. L. CLAFP.

We LOOME HOME.

In another column appears the orders from the captains of the Bluff City Grays and Memphis Light Guards for their companies to appear at their respective armories this afternoon in full uniform, to prepare to escort the Chickasaw Guards from the Louisville depot to their armory. The "Chicks" will arrive on the five o'clock train this afternoon, and will receive an ovation from the citizens of the Bluff city. The members of the "Chicks" who did not go to Nashville will also turn out in force to receive their comrades with a hundred thousand welcomes.

Associated Press Report.

Namework May 20, 1880.

Springfield, Illi., May 20.—The Republican State convention began its second day's session at nine o'clock, with every inch of standing room on the floor and in the gallerines of the house of representatives occupied by an interested audience. Prayer was offered, after which the committee on credentials reported, recommending the settlement of the Greene county contest by admitting four Grant and four Blaine delegates, and giving each half a vote. This was approved and the delegates were admitted.

The chair stated that the committee would not be able to report on the Cook county contest for at least two hours, whereupon a series of motions to adjourn, to take a recess, etc., were made principally for amusement, with considerable confusion.

The convention then excluded all outsiders, reporters included, to consider the sufficiency of the responses.

Associated Press Report. NASHVILLE, May 20 .- Clark Mills's Jackson equestrian statue, on the Capitol grounds, was unveiled here at noon to-day with impressive ceremonies, before an assem-blage of twenty thousand people. A proces-sion of all the military companies, which had blage of twenty thousand people. A procession of all the military companies, which had come either to participate in the centennial competitive drill or to witness the unveiling, and carriages containing distinguished visitors, was formed on Broad street and passed through some of the principal thoroughfares to the Capitol grounds. The streets were through with people along the entire route. When the military companies arrived they took their positions around the statue. Among the distinguished men present were Ex Governor Hendricks, of Indiana; Governor Blackburn, of Kentucky; General Joseph E Johnston, General D. C. Buell, Ex Governor Joseph E Brown (the new senator from Georgia), and Colonel John C. Burch, secretary of the United States senate. The ceremonies were opened by Dr. T. A. Atchison, president of the certennial board of directors, followed by prayer by Bishop H. N. M'Tyeire, of the Southern Methodist church; an oration on Jackson by Hon. John F. House, and a brief address by Clark Mills. The statue was unveiled by Governor Marks, assisted by Enoch H. Jones, who was one of the five of Jackson's soldiers present, amidst the singing of an ode to Jackson and the firing of cannon. firing of cannon.

MRS. CHRISTIANOV

adowed by Detectives, who Reper to the Fend Old Doting Menater Even the Acts Committed in the

Evidence that is Entirely Explained Away by the Much Wronged Wife.

deed, for the first three quarters of their hour the Chickr aws seemed absolutely navincible. Toward the last, however, in some of the arduous double-time field movements, coming in? close quarters with the fence, several slight errors were made which must have reduced their score. Whether it was because the last seemed best or not we cannot tell; but, after the expiration of the Chickrasws, the last seemed best or not we cannot tell; but, after the expiration of the Chickrasws almost penniless, Mr. Christiancy not even furnishing her the money to pay her passage, and she having to receive the assistance of hour, when they had given a fine exhibition is seemed to estite in favor of the Memphis company against the field.

Company K, of the St. Louis National Guards, were the last to drill. They immediately won the admiration of the spectators by their fine appearance and excellent marching. It is needless to disguise the fact, in spite of our pride in our home companies, that public interest seemed to be cantered in whole to be as perfect as that of the former company. The St. Louis company was exceedingly fine, yet it did not seem upon the whole to be as perfect as that of the former company. The St. Louis company excuted their field movements in a magnificent manner, and while they were less known to the spectators than the rest of the companies, their drilling was greeted with hearty and frequent applaisase. Their bayonet exercise was not, it seems, so good as that of the company, they were not so palpable as to this company they were not so palpable as to the company they were not so palpable as to the company they were not so palpable as to the company they were not so palpable as to the company they were not so palpable as to the company when. organization was their General Raum returned made permanent. General Raum returned thanks briefly, and the convention adjourned CONVENTION REASSEMBLED. At half-past seven, Mr. J. Spare, of Jo Daviess county, offered the following: Daviess county, offered the following:

Resolved, That General Grant, of Illinois, is the choice of this convention for President of the United States.

The resolution was put and carried by a viva voce vote, a call of the counties being loudly demanded by the anti-Grant men.

A point of order was made that tabling a motion to refer tabled the entire subject.

The chair overruled this.

The roll-call resulted: yeas, 385; nays, 307.

The announcement of the result occasioned great applause, lasting several minutes, hundreds rising and cheering.

This opened the great contest before the convention. Senator Logan opposed this motion in a speech of considerable length, in which he advocated the right of a majority of the convention for the delegation instructed for Grant.

Roll was called on Senator Logan's resolution providing for the appointment by the Roll was called on Senator Logan's resolu-tion providing for the appointment by the chair of a committee to select district dele-gates and delegates at large. This was adocted at one o'clock by a vote of 389 yeas to 304 nays. The chair immediately an-nounced the committee, which consisted of nineteen Grant men. The motion to adjourn to nine o'clock in the morning prevailed at fifteen minutes past one o'clock. Mississippi Greenbackers.

Jackson, Miss., May 20.—The Greenback-Labor party met to-day, Colonel M. D. L. Stephens presiding. About seventy-five del-egates were present, including ten colored. Four delegates for the State at large and two from each congressional district were ap-pointed to the National Greenback-Labor convention at Chicago. The delegates were authorized to select electors. The conven-tion then adjourned. up it was found that Mrs. Christiancy one alternoon two years ago, took a walk with the wife of this official, and simply walke on the opposite side of the street from the house of a well-known courtesan, whose name had once been associated with that of a former governor of a western State, who was a distant family connection of the official's wife, and the latter had the curiosity to see her, and, with Mrs. Christiancy, made the attempt to gratify her curiosity. Had the charge been true the fact could not be used Unmistakably Displeased.

once seen to kiss a gentleman in the Balti-more and Potomac depot, before a crowd of persons, when reported to the "friends" of Mr. Christiancy, caused some satisfaction; Between Seymour and Tilden ST. PAUL, May 20 .- Persistent interviewing fails to get an expression of opinion out of the delegates. They claim to go untrammeled by private opinion as well as public instructions. It is understood, however, that they are divided between Seymonr and Tilden.

Horny-Handed Sons of Toll Pulladelphia, May 20.—This evening a meeting of prominent labor advocates from different parts of the country was held for different parts of the country was held for the purpose of deciding upon candidates for President and Vice-President to be nominated at the national convention at Chicago, June 9th. After a long discussion the delegates decided to support Hon. Hendrick B. Wright, of Pennsylvania, for President, and John C. Chamberlain, of Texas, for Vice-President. your mother has kissed me, why not you?"
Mrs. Christiancy replied hurriedly, "I will,"
and received a kiss which was expected to assist in making out one of the most sensa-tional divorce cases of this generation.

Bulldozes the Republican Convention

1000 LADIES'SUITS!

A. VACCARO & CO...

No. 824 Front St. Memphis.

PEARCE, SUGGS & CO. WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants. No. 258 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn. Particular Attention Paid to the Sale of Cotton, El

three reports, which were read.

The first report recites that there are duplicate credentials from Cook county, owing to two conventions having met and sent delegates. They find that the State central committee did not call upon the Beoublicans of Cook county to send delegates, but called on the Republicans of the seven secutorial districts comprising that county to send delegates. Each of these senatorial districts is independent of and distinct from any other Republicans organization in Cook county. For all purposes of representation in Cook county. For all purposes of representation in this convention, having the action of the ward primaries before them, it was easy to determine on what is substantial justice toward the interests involved. Neither of the parties cailing themselves the Cook Cru ty delegation was regular or legitimats, nor is their action valid, but each of the senatorial districts is colitiled to the same representation. The will of the honest voters at the primaries should be represented here, and this would be done by disregarding both of the county conventions, and according seats in this convention to the delegates from the senatorial districts.

The delegates admitted by the first report are the Grant delegates from the first, third and fourth senatorial districts. ASTER Pays 200 to 500 Per Cent. Profit on the Investment. All Farmers should try it. Guaranteed to pay. Send for Circulars and Prices to THORN & HUNKINS. 309 and 311 South Twelfth street St. Louis, Missouri

W.A. GAGE & BRO. Cotton Factors,

Wholesale Grocers, Cotton Factors, And Commission Merchants, 232 and 284 Front street, Memph I. N. RAINEY devotes his whole time to the Weighing and Sale of all Cotton in our charge. We have our own Cotton Warshouse, corper Washington and Second

S. M. McCALLUM Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants

336 Front street, cor. Union, Memphis.

Particular attention given to the handling of cotton while in shed

COTTON FACTORS, 286 Front street | ONE DOOR NORTH OF | Memphis. Tenm.

J. T. FARGASON & CO. Wholesale Grocers and Cotton Factors 369 Front street, Memphis, Tennessee, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants WE HAVE OPENED A PERMANENT BRANCH OF OUR HOUSE AT NEW ORLEANS TO MEET THE

MOORE, BASSETT & CO Doors, Sash, Blinds, Moldings, Lumber, Lath and Shingles,

JOHN A. DENIE. CELEBRATED ALABAMA LIME

351-353-259 Second street. : Memphis. Tenn

AND DEALER IN Rosendale Cement, New York Plaster, Fire Brick, Hair, Paving Stene, Etc., No. 852 Front Street......Memohis. CONSTANTINE LODGE, No. 28, E. of P.
The members of this lodge are notified to meet in regular convention this (FRI-DAY) night, May 21st, at 8 o'clock, at their Castle Hall, 260 Second street, for work in the Thirs Bank, Members of other lodges are cordially invited to attend.
W. Z. MITCHELL, C. C. To Commercial Travelers.

I HAVE been authorized to announce that a meet-ing of Commercial Travelers will be held at Jackson, Miss. TUESDAY, June 1, 1880, fo the purpose of organizing the Commercial Travelers' Association of Mississippi. All Commercial Travelers whose territory embraces Mississippi are urently invited to attend. HOBACE HANDY, Canton, Miss. Hdgrs. Memphis Light Guards. MEMBERS of the company are ordered to appear at their armory this (FRIDAY) afternoon, at 3th o'clock sharp, in full dress uniform.

By order E. M. APPERSON, Com'dg Officer.

J. R. Tallbert, O. S.

Headquarters Bluff City Grays SPECIAL ORDER, No. 8.—This command is ordered to meet at their a mory this (FBIDAY) afternoon May 21, at 4 o'clock, in full dress uniform. By order T. A. LAMB, Capt-Com'dg. W B. ARMOUR, O. S.

Palace Iry Goods

St. Main 259-261 DESOTO LODGE, No. 209, F. & A. M.—
Will hold its stated communication
this (FRIDAY) evening, May 21st, at eight
o'clock, for dispatch of the business. All
M M's in good standing are fraternally invited.
By order
BUN F. PRICE, W. M.
Attest: B. C. WILLIAMSON, Becretary.

Masonic Notice.

Every Department Now Complete Sailors, 25 cents; Coquets, 25 cents; Scallops, \$1 25; Boman Braids, the laiest conflure, \$5; Jet Goods, all kinds, e.e. F. LAVIGNE, 250 MAIN STREET **Bowles Cigars.**

A LIBERAL shipment just to hand-large and small sizes, and desirable colors. Back or ders can now be filled.

J. J. BUSBY & CO.